

HAYES IS DISMISSED FROM POLICE FORCE

First Deputy McKay Acts for
Waldo in Ousting the For-
mer Inspector.

AN APPEAL TO BE MADE

Counsel for Hayes Will Pre-
pare Papers as Soon as
Possible—Is Now
Out of Town.

Cornelius G. Hayes, who defied Police Commissioner Waldo to his face, was found guilty of making a false official statement and dismissed from the force yesterday by Douglas I. McKay, First Deputy Police Commissioner, acting as head of the department during the temporary absence of Mr. Waldo from the city. The "false official statement" contained in Hayes's declaration that Waldo had told him to keep his men out of Tenderloin resorts.

Through his counsel, Thomas D. Thacher, Hayes will appeal to the Supreme Court for reinstatement. This will be done when the papers in the case are prepared, probably in the next few days. While the dismissal of Hayes was expected by his counsel, it was not thought that a decision would be reached until Tuesday at the earliest. And not even the keenest expected that the dismissal would be made by a person other than Police Commissioner Waldo.

The witnesses around Police Headquarters pointed out that had Commissioner Waldo made the dismissal himself, as he had done in every other case where a member of the force was dismissed since his incumbency, he would have furnished another possible ground for appeal, as Waldo was the chief and practically the only witness against Hayes, as well as the complainant. But Hayes's counsel in the course of the trial took advantage of every legal artifice that would be of use

to him in an appeal. In one day he objected twenty-eight times to questions asked by Assistant Corporation Counsel Farley, who prosecuted. In twenty-four of these instances he was overruled by Trial Commissioner McKay and in each case he took an exception.

This was Mr. Thacher's method from the very beginning of the trial. He objected at the start to Mr. McKay sitting on the ground that he was under subpoena by the defense, and on the further ground that he might be a material witness.

But Corporation Counsel Watson, through his assistant, Mr. Farley, advised Mr. McKay that he had a right to sit, unless it was shown by Hayes that he was a material witness.

Hayes under oath swore that Mr. McKay was present on one occasion when Commissioner Waldo told him not to raid a disorderly house in West 41st street, but to have the complainant against the place, David Walton, proprietor of the Hotel El Francis, go to court himself and prove a case against the house.

At the trial Hayes swore that the minutes purporting to describe his conversation with Waldo on August 16, when he was reduced from the command of the 4th Inspection District, which embraces the Tenderloin, were inaccurate and incomplete. In this he was corroborated by several of the inspectors who were present at the time. Thomas D. Thacher, counsel for Hayes, is now at Watch Hill, R. I.

All inquiries at ex-Inspector Hayes's home last night regarding his whereabouts were met with the information that he was out of town. Mrs. Hayes told callers that her husband left the city late yesterday afternoon on a fishing trip with a party of friends. She said that he would not return before Monday night.

As he has done every day since he was dismissed and suspended Hayes reported yesterday morning at 11 o'clock to Inspector Hurley in Richmond Borough. He signed his name as usual, and left at once for Manhattan, being off duty on suspension. He has done no duty at any time since his suspension except to report daily.

SCHEPPS MADE 'EM BUY

As Hot Springs Watch Sales-
man, He Was a Wizard.

[By Telegraph to the Tribune.]
Hot Springs, Ark., Sept. 14.—New light on the life that "Sam" Schepps led here was revealed today when it became known that for a week before Schepps was taken into custody he was employed as a salesman at the Crown Optical Store, No. 316 Central avenue.

Mrs. Lucy Wilkins, who conducts the establishment said that Schepps had seen an advertisement in one of the local papers stating the store was for sale and called to purchase the stock and start in business. Their negotiations ended by Schepps accepting a position as watch salesman.

"I want to say," said Mrs. Wilkins, "that Schepps was not only one of the best watch salesmen I have ever seen, but was at all times a perfect gentleman. I never met a man who could read people as he could, and who handled the people with the ease and polish that he was capable of. He was a business man I ever employed. He gave me excellent advice. He knew the minute a man entered the store whether he could sell him a watch and how to talk to Schepps without being persuaded to buy. He told me where to go in New York to purchase goods and offered to take me there when I bought my next supply."

\$200,000,000 R. R. PROJECT

Plans Include Great Union Ter-
minal in Chicago.

Chicago, Sept. 14.—According to a morning paper, a railroad enterprise involving an expenditure of \$200,000,000 was launched yesterday by the interests of J. Pierpont Morgan & Co. and fourteen railroads entering Chicago. The plan embraces a complete solution of the freight handling problem in Chicago, in that one-half of the bond issue will be set aside for passenger and freight terminals. The papers for the project are said to have been signed by all concerned.

The first issue of \$200,000,000 bonds, it is said, will be made at once. A great passenger and freight terminal will be erected on the site bounded by Polk, 16th, Clark and State streets, within which bounds the Dearborn street station and the yards and freight houses of several railroads are now situated. The plan is also said to involve the purchase of entire railroads, notably the Chicago & Western Indiana and the Belt Line.

CHIVALRY IN THE WEST

Democratic Nominee Leaves
Field to Woman Opponent.

Winfield, Kan., Sept. 14.—P. H. Guy, nominated by the Democratic party at the August primary for clerk of the district court, today withdrew in favor of his Republican opponent, Mrs. Anna L. Tonkinson. In his published letter of withdrawal Mr. Guy said:

"I am convinced that a majority of the Democratic voters of Cowley County believe as I do—that there is a higher service to the party than that of attempting to defeat this woman for office."

Mrs. Tonkinson's husband was elected clerk of the court four years ago, but died two weeks later.

STRAUSS TO GRAND JURY

Held in \$2,000 Bail in News-
Stand Graft Case.

Benjamin F. Strauss waived examination and was held in \$2,000 bail yesterday in Jefferson Market Court to await the action of the grand jury on a charge of grand larceny. It was specifically alleged that Strauss took money for a new stand located at the corner of Broadway and 11th street, which was owned by Robert Selkowitz, of No. 106 West 89th street.

Lemuel E. Quigg, counsel for Strauss, made a motion to the court that a complaint be entertained against Selkowitz on charges of bribery and perjury. Chief Justice McKim denied the motion.

According to the complaint, Strauss represented on June 28 that he was acting as the agent for Alderman Nicholas J. Becker, in the 15th Aldermanic District, in the sale of two applications for two new stands under the new "L" station stairs, one at Columbus avenue and 86th street, and one at 11th and 12th streets.

Strauss, who is an election district captain, described himself as a millinery salesman, forty-one years old, of No. 209 East 53d street.

SIXTEEN PLAYGROUNDS SHUT

Sixteen of the forty-two Park Depart-
ment playgrounds have been closed for
the most part because of a lack of funds
to maintain them and to employ the
necessary attendants.

It was reported a few days ago that some of the grounds were discontinued because school had opened, but Park Commissioner Stover said yesterday it was impossible to maintain the full number of grounds throughout the year on the \$35,000 appropriated. The Commissioner said he had requested \$75,000 for next year.

MAY CALL BECKER TO TRIAL NEXT WEEK

District Attorney's Office Con-
fident Hot Springs Commis-
sion Will Need Little Time.

CHANCE FOR DELAY MISSED

Pointed Out That Lieutenant's
Counsel Might Have Waited
Until Trial Before Mak-
ing Application.

Now that the argument on the reopening of the order made by Justice Bischoff, issuing a commission in the case of Lieutenant Charles Becker is over, there is a feeling of satisfaction in the District Attorney's office at the result. The satisfaction is limited, perhaps, to the result in this particular case. Frank Moss, Mr. Whitman's chief assistant in the Becker case, said yesterday that when the commission actually got to work in Hot Springs it would probably not take more than one day before the work was finished. There is every likelihood that Becker will be called to trial early next week, instead of on October 7.

Mr. McIntyre expects to serve his interrogatories to-morrow and start immediately thereafter. The interrogatories of the District Attorney will be served the same day, and by the time Mr. McIntyre arrives in Hot Springs the commission will probably be ready to go to work. It was said yesterday that there was no good reason to suppose that the commission would not have its work finished by Wednesday or Thursday night. Its report should be back in New York by the end of the week.

There will be some necessary delay, Mr. Moss said yesterday, before the trial can begin. It will take a little time to call the jury, and it is possible that the District Attorney will wait to make some further investigation as the result of what he may learn at Hot Springs. It takes at least forty-four hours to make the trip from New York to Hot Springs.

Might Have Waited for Goff.

It was the stipulations, the amendments to Justice Bischoff's order, which made the hastening of Becker's trial possible, and if a demand was to be made for a commission anyway, the District Attorney is well satisfied that it turned out as it did. It was pointed out yesterday that if Mr. McIntyre had not made his motion for the appointment of a commission before Justice Bischoff he might have waited until the trial actually began to make it before Justice Goff. There would then have been an argument before the jury, which might have tended to prejudice its members toward one side or the other.

In any event, had the motion been made at that time it is more than likely that concessions would have been made as to the alleged statements made by witnesses at Hot Springs, and that would have been far less desirable than having the trial go on as it is.

By reason of the changes in Justice Bischoff's order, which were made at the request of Mr. Moss, the interrogatories, or schedule of questions which are to be propounded to the witnesses at Hot Springs, are largely a matter of form. Ordinarily the interrogatories, having been served and approved, are absolutely binding. No question can be asked which is not included in either the interrogatories served by the defendant or the cross-interrogatories served by the District Attorney. By stipulation, however, in this case after the questions in the interrogatories have been propounded further questions may be asked.

As the commission has only a mechanical function to perform, similar to that of a photograph bearing a blank record, no question can be stated by an objection, although the objection will be noted along with the question and its answer. These objections will be passed on by Justice Goff when the testimony is read to the jury at Becker's trial. There appears to be nothing, then, which can delay the work of the commission when once the witnesses are before it.

An attorney of Hot Springs, whose name was chosen from the lay directory of that place, has been selected by Justice Bischoff as the commissioner. He will publicly administer the oath to the witnesses and cause their examination to be reduced to writing. The answer of each witness will be read to him after it is transcribed, and if he wishes to amend it it will be so changed. If any witness refuses to answer a question his reason for so refusing will be noted, along with the refusal. Any papers or documents proposed to be produced by the witnesses will be added to his deposition, signed by him and certified by the commissioner.

Technical Question Raised.

While eminently satisfied with the result in this particular case, some of Mr. Whitman's assistants pointed out yesterday that it might be considered that the order which Justice Bischoff made returnable before Justice Goff might be returnable before Justice Goff himself. The Appellate Division, it was said, ruled in the Hyde case that a court might be in session even though an adjournment had been taken at the time a motion was made. Arguing along these lines, it was said that Justice Goff's extraordinary term was undoubtedly in session when Mr. McIntyre made his motion before Justice Bischoff, even though Justice Goff himself happened to be in Millbrook at the time.

Those who held those views said that if such action were permissible it was perfectly possible for any attorney whose client was actually on trial to serve suddenly on the presiding judge a stay granted by a Justice of the Supreme Court, which would stop the trial until a commission had taken the testimony of witnesses who were out of the jurisdiction.

The appointment of a commission in a criminal case is not unusual, though it is ordinarily done by the judge before whom the case is to be tried. It is far more common in civil cases. The Code of Criminal Procedure states: "When a material witness for the defendant resides out of the county the defendant may apply for an order that the witness be examined on a commission."

The District Attorney is not empowered to ask for a commission, the law stating that it is the right of the accused to be "confronted" with the witnesses against him. When a commission has been issued, however, at the request of the defendant a set of questions, known as the cross-interrogatories, is prepared by the District Attorney. By the stipulations made regarding this particular commission the District Attorney and the defendant are not limited to their schedules of questions, and likewise the District Attorney is permitted to call such witnesses before the commission as he may desire.

A restriction upon the application for the commission is made by the Code of Criminal Procedure, as follows: "The application, if made during term, must be made to the court."

CONSULATE TO HURRY ALONG GIBSON CASE

Feels That Orange Prosecutor
Isn't Awake to Importance
of the Matter.

SEEKING MISSING \$7,100

Austrian Officials Believe Law-
yer Placed It in His Wife's
Name—Will Hear-
ing First.

With the Orange County authorities pressing to push the charges against Burton W. Gibson of murdering Mrs. Rosa Szabo, his client, the attorneys for the Austrian consulate in this city were showing even greater activity yesterday in their determination to have him ousted as executor of her estate.

"We do not intend to let this matter be delayed more than necessary by the murder case," said Arpad Kremer, who is representing the Austrian Consul General. "Gibson has been ordered to appear before the Surrogate on September 17 to show cause why he should not be removed as executor of Mrs. Szabo's estate and Dr. Fischerbauer be appointed in his place. We shall be ready to go ahead on that date, and Gibson does not have to appear in person. He can appear by counsel. We have accumulated much valuable new material to use against him."

Although the primary interest of the Austrian Consulate is in the matter of the will and the dead woman's estate, it is understood that Ernest Kirchnopf, the acting consul general, is watching closely the way in which the murder charge is being pushed against Gibson by the Middletown authorities and that he is determined that every effort shall be made to see justice done in the investigation into Mrs. Szabo's death as an Austrian subject.

Would Spur Rogers On.

It was intimated that there was a feeling that Mr. Rogers, District Attorney of Orange County, who is responsible for that phase of the case, had not seemed to awaken as yet to the full importance of the matter.

The attempt of the attorneys for the Austrian interests to find out just what Gibson has done with Mrs. Szabo's money brought forth little in addition to the fact that on August 7 he opened an account at a downtown bank as executor of the estate and deposited a total of \$7,351.29 to the credit of the account, later drawing out \$7,100. All efforts to find out what he did with this money were vain.

Banks have been asked to look for any account in the name of Gibson's wife, Mrs. M. J. Gibson. It is thought probable that Gibson has placed most of his money in his wife's name. It was pointed out it has been learned that his home in Rutherford, N. J., is in her name, and also the automobile which he bought from an uptown company, as well as the account he ran there, was likewise in his wife's name. It was remarked that Mrs. Gibson has always been closely associated with her husband in his affairs.

The only part of Mrs. Szabo's \$10,000, the whereabouts of which is known is \$3,000 she had on deposit with the Franklin Savings Bank. This money the bank refused to deliver to Gibson.

New Witness Discovered.

A new witness was found yesterday in Anthony Gayts, of No. 238 Eighth avenue. "In 1904," said Mr. Gayts yesterday, "I ran a rooming house at No. 211 West 17th street, and Dr. Vilas Szabo came to live with me at that time. He told me his father was an Austrian nobleman, who had disinherited him because of his relations with Reusena Menschik, who was an artist's model, noted for her beauty. When Dr. Szabo came to this country in 1899 an exile because of his father's wrath, she followed on the next boat and they were married at the City Hall in this city by an alderman. She did not live with him, however, but had a flat in 43d street, between Seventh and Eighth avenues."

"He was very poor, and gave music lessons. Once he even shovelled snow in the streets. In 1904 he died penniless. That night I went to see Mrs. Szabo at her flat in 43d street. I found two men with her. One was William Schumann and the other was a man who from his description I now know was Burton W. Gibson."

"After this, which was 1904, she went to live with Mr. Schumann, and stayed with him as his housekeeper until he died. He left her some money, and altogether she saved about \$10,000. She said she was going home then, but she did not."

Mr. Gayts will testify that he knows Gibson, heard her speak of her relatives in Austria. His testimony will be used to oppose the sworn statement Gibson filed with the will that she had no other relatives of close kin besides her mother, the beneficiary.

GIBSON CHEERFUL IN JAIL

Has Engaged No Counsel—
Wife Again Visits Him.

[By Telegraph to the Tribune.]
Goshen, N. Y., Sept. 14.—Burton W. Gibson seems perfectly contented in his light airy and comfortably furnished cell in the county jail here. He greeted the newspaper men cheerfully to-day, and passed cigars around. The night watchman at the jail said that Gibson passed a good night and ate a hearty breakfast, which was purchased at a boarding house near by.

The visit of Mrs. Gibson to her husband yesterday afternoon seemed to please him greatly. He said to-day he had not engaged any attorney to represent him in the proceedings.

Gibson told the reporters this morning that he did not expect any visitors to-day, but that Mrs. Gibson was expected again Sunday afternoon. The plans of Mrs. Gibson must have changed, for she alighted from the train that arrived at Goshen at 1:25 p. m. and walked to the jail, where she was admitted to see her husband.

Mrs. Gibson put her arms around her husband's neck as she entered the cell, and remained with him until a short time before the train for Rutherford departed at 4 o'clock. District Attorney Rogers, of Middletown, will come to Goshen on Sunday to confer with Gibson.

LESS PRINT PAPER PRODUCED.

Washington, Sept. 14.—A decrease in production of 5,569 tons and of 4,249 tons in shipments of news print paper during July over June was reported by the Commissioner of Corporations to-day. Stocks increased 4,629 tons. Production was 102,097 tons, shipments 98,862 tons and stock on hand, August 1, 8,441 tons.

MARRIAGE PLEDGE SHATTERS ROMANCE

Couple About to Wed in Califor-
nia Agree to Separate When
Love Begins to Wane.

NO BAR TO NEW ALLIANCES

Pre-Nuptial Agreement Gives
Each the Right to Incur Pa-
rental Responsibility In-
dependent of Other.

Los Angeles, Sept. 14.—Conventions are ignored and traditions of romance ruthlessly shattered in a marriage contract signed by Miss Julia Chandler, twenty-one years old, daughter of Julia Davis Chandler, of Philadelphia, and Carlton W. Washburne, twenty-three, son of Marion Foster Washburne, author and lecturer, of Pasadena.

The young couple met a week ago; their marriage license was issued yesterday, the pre-nuptial agreement signed and sealed and to-morrow they will be joined in legal marriage, which step they take, the agreement declares, for the happiness of their children and for the free intercommunication of the parents with the rest of society.

The marriage contract specifically sets forth that the marriage shall not be a bond giving either any control over or possession of the other, that it shall not be a bar to either marriage should this prove unfruitful, that the tie shall terminate simultaneously with the death of love on either side and that neither shall have the right to restrain the other should he or she see fit to incur other parental responsibility.

It provides that, since at present the state provides no income for mothers and children, it shall be the duty of the man to share equally with his wife all earnings and property at such times as she may be incapacitated for work, that the expenses of the household and the children shall be equally divided.

In case of separation they agree that the financial responsibility for their children shall be divided, no matter through whose fault the divorce might occur.

One paragraph of the agreement reads: "Love, to exist, must be free. But for the enrichment of nature and the establishment of the joy of the parents, as well as for the best rearing of the children, it is necessary that man and woman co-operate as partners of their own children. And for the sake of the happiness of children and parents, as well as for the free intercommunication of both with the rest of society, it is necessary to conform to the conventions to the extent of having at least legal marriage before man and woman become parents."

"My ideas of marriage have always been along this line," declared Miss Chandler, "but I never supposed I would meet a man who would believe in it. I have based my conclusions on a close observation of the usual system of marriage, which I believe to be absolutely wrong. The very freedom of our contract will insure fidelity and happiness, if anything can. If not neither of us would wish to hold the other."

Washburne and his fiancée are both college graduates, he of the University of Chicago and of Stanford, she of two Philadelphia institutions.

Philadelphia, Sept. 14.—Mrs. Julia Davis Chandler, whose daughter is reported to have entered into an unusual pre-nuptial agreement, was much agitated to-day when shown the Los Angeles dispatch setting forth the marriage contract.

"I have received a telegram from my daughter," she said, "telling me that they are receiving letters and telegrams of congratulation upon their engagement, which was announced on Tuesday, and that letters are on the way to me. But this ante-nuptial agreement is very surprising to me."

"If my daughter has entered into a pre-nuptial contract such as is described, I have no doubt that she was influenced by the unhappy marriage of a close friend of mine. My daughter is a young woman of high ideals, and I have no doubt that she acted with a full and proper regard for her opinions and principles. She has been a deep student of every subject relating to the emancipation of woman, and may be carrying out her own ideas along that line in her marriage."

While a certain lack of restriction placed upon the contracting parties meets with the approval of Mrs. Chandler, she said she is dubious about that clause of the contract which permits the assumption of other parental responsibility in case their mutual regard for each other should languish.

ACCOUNTING IS QUESTIONED

Legatee Under Wronkow Will
Objects to Executors Report.

Former Justice Morgan J. O'Brien and the United States Trust Company have filed in the Surrogates' Court their accounting as executors of the will of Herman Wronkow, a real estate operator, who died on November 30, 1910. Miss Maud Ellsworth Hewitt, of No. 106 West 77th street, who was a legatee under his will, receiving \$25,000, has filed objections to the approval of the accounts.

The executors reported that Mr. Wronkow's personal property and real estate was valued at \$72,881. He left the bulk of his estate in trust for his wife, Mrs. Serena Wronkow, of No. 291 West 55th street. Miss Hewitt objected because the executors had charged themselves with two items of \$50,014 and \$71,000 respectively on receipts from real estate held on lease. She also objected because they credited themselves with \$29,000 paid to Mrs. Wronkow, and said that the widow should not have been allowed more than \$12,000 a year. Miss Hewitt objecting that the executors had overpaid her \$8,000.

Mr. Wronkow had debts amounting to \$12,000 and he had other notes, some of which were of only nominal value, the executors said. Some of these notes, however, were made to accommodate Wronkow. There was one by Oscar Hammerstein, made in 1900, for \$3,000; several by William Hammerstein, aggregating \$12,000, and several by the Atlantic Realty Company, amounting in all to \$15,000. Mr. Wronkow left \$5,000 to his brother, Louis Wronkow, and smaller bequests to nephews and nieces.

FIRST SNOW OF SEASON

Storm Visits Central Colorado and
Parts of Wyoming.

Denver, Sept. 14.—Snow fell in central Colorado and parts of Wyoming to-day. More than three inches fell in Denver. The thermometer stood at 34 degrees. A cold rain fell over both states last night, changing to snow about daybreak.

In this city the snow melted rapidly. This is the earliest date snow has fallen in Colorado since 1903. In Cheyenne, Wyo., a temperature of 30 degrees was registered.

CALL POLICE TO FUNERAL Throng Blocks Street at Burial of Pugilist's Wife.

Chicago, Sept. 14.—So many curiosity seekers were at the funeral to-day of Mrs. "Jack" Johnson, white wife of the negro pugilist, who committed suicide, that the police had to be called to clear the sidewalks in front of the house.

After a brief prayer had been said at the house, the mourners and friends climbed into automobiles and were driven to the church, where services were held. Mrs. Johnson's mother and sister, Mrs. David Terry and Miss Elaine Terry, of Brooklyn, were attended by the negro pugilist. Johnson supported and half carried Mrs. Terry as she walked from the house.

The air of the interior of the church was so warm that Mrs. Roach, a sister of Johnson's, fainted. Other persons, feeling themselves growing faint, were compelled to go out of doors.

"Jack" Curley, manager of "Jim" Flynn; "Tom" Flannigan, Johnson's trainer; "Jack" Barry, ex-pugilist; Bar-

Evans Ale

At this season there is enjoyment of an unusual kind in a glass of Evans' delicious Cream Ale drawn fresh and foaming from the wood. Taken at meals, or between them, it affords the same unique gratification. Do it TO-DAY.

On Draught in Restaurants, Cafes, Oyster and Chop Houses. Wholesale City Depot, 25th St. & 12th Ave.

ney Furey, trainer of many fighters, all white, and a score of others prominent in athletic circles, attended the funeral. The pallbearers were negroes, Johnson's personal friends.



Millinery Opening Autumn 1912

Tomorrow, Tuesday & Wednesday, September 16, 17 & 18

It is a showing of BEAUTIFUL HATS at PRACTICAL PRICES—unique in the millinery annals of New York—an exhibition which more than parallels the display of the MOST EXCLUSIVE MILLINERS.

By reason of its ORIGINALITY, its EXTENT, its DIVERSIFIED FEATURES, not less than for the MOST REASONABLE PRICES attached to every piece of millinery shown, it is a Fall Millinery Opening which will prove SATISFYING IN A HIGH DEGREE.

Not a quip or crank of fashion has escaped our keen-eyed and deft-fingered modistes—and, as a consequence,

The Big Store Triumphantly Opens Its Millinery Salons for the Coming Season, Ample Prepared to Do the Biggest Fall Millinery Business in its History. Prices Range from \$5 to \$75—the Best Values We Have Ever Offered at Either Price or any Figure Between

(MAIN Building, First Floor.)

Opening Fall and Winter Displays of Women's Gowns, Suits and Wraps

The showing is a comprehensive one, embracing the novelties and staples of the season. Not a material or "fashion whim" has been overlooked. Welcome.

(MAIN Building, First Floor.)

Last Week of Our Industrial and Educational Exposition

It's the biggest and best show in town—and it's free. And this exposition is also highly instructive and interesting, for there are more than 150 small factories and exhibits. You can buy the very articles made, if you like, and they are priced at or very nearly manufacturing cost.

Our 16th Anniversary Sales Are Also in Full Swing

These are certainly great days at

"The Big Store"

GREENHUT-SINGEL COOPER CO.

BOTH SIDES OF 6TH AVE. J.B. GREENHUT, Pres. 18TH AND 19TH STS.

"Better Goods for the Same Money or the Same Goods for Less Money than Elsewhere"

Double 24C Green Trading Stamps Before 12 o'Clock

ARE YOU GOING TO BALTIMORE or WASHINGTON?

Day or night, the splendidly equipped trains of the Royal Blue Line make travel a pleasure between New York, Baltimore and Washington. Electric fans cool the cars—and electric motors haul the trains through the Baltimore subway, where there is a consequent absence of smoke and gas.

The route of the Royal Blue is through unusually attractive country.

The ferries from foot of West 23d Street and foot of Liberty Street afford a most pleasant ride to Jersey City.

Leave Liberty Street Every Even Hour—8 a.m. to 6 p.m., also at 7 p.m.; 10 minutes of the hour from West 23d St. Sleepers on the midnight train are ready for occupancy by the cool riverside at 10 p.m. Last boat from West 23d St. at 11:50 p.m.; from Liberty St. at 1:30 a.m.

For detailed information call at Ticket Offices: 245, 379, 1328, 1354 and 1490 Broadway, 7 Cortlandt St., 225 Fifth Ave., 111 West 125th Street, 245 Columbus Ave., New York City; 4 Court St., Brooklyn, N. Y., and at stations.